

5.—Principal Statistics of the Leading Industries of the Province of Ontario, 1944
—concluded

Industry	Estab-lish-ments	Em-ployees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Materials	Net Value of Products	Gross Value of Products
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
9 Rubber goods, including rubber footwear.....	32	16,301	29,103,399	68,227,322	72,338,823	144,581,743
10 Iron and steel products, miscellaneous.....	92	23,650	46,899,684	53,425,043	73,757,871	128,893,354
11 Flour and feed mills.....	690	3,800	5,339,217	109,254,523	14,319,853	124,506,511
12 Pulp and paper.....	38	10,864	22,266,590	47,148,136	49,765,313	106,197,694
13 Brass and copper products.....	99	12,074	23,106,867	48,852,230	52,819,194	103,330,148
14 Machinery.....	170	16,300	30,780,095	29,323,836	60,827,957	91,114,482
15 Butter and cheese.....	848	7,969	11,322,338	61,997,930	18,484,050	82,097,944
16 Petroleum products.....	16	3,191	6,794,244	51,226,366	24,779,781	79,980,443
17 Scientific and professional equipment.....	26	9,026	18,140,788	32,423,015	41,597,389	74,360,467
18 Sheet metal products.....	108	10,008	16,528,965	35,568,852	31,544,869	67,966,692
19 Fruit and vegetable preparations.....	192	8,518	9,359,004	35,728,101	27,123,803	63,822,107
20 Agricultural implements.....	25	13,590	24,871,339	24,394,796	33,843,294	59,280,751
21 Bread and other bakery products.....	1,058	12,866	16,843,662	26,261,384	28,348,073	56,397,386
22 Hardware, tools and cutlery.....	172	10,504	18,981,433	13,671,063	35,175,419	49,787,718
23 Shipbuilding and repairs.....	23	9,504	19,538,446	12,204,260	34,183,621	46,818,200
24 Biscuits, confectionery, cocoa, etc.....	85	7,462	9,636,679	22,231,123	23,344,202	46,124,362
25 Hosiery and knitted goods.....	114	12,390	13,871,910	21,663,410	23,689,466	46,020,702
26 Castings, iron.....	88	9,225	17,436,275	17,469,133	26,447,572	45,673,779
27 Railway rolling-stock.....	15	6,456	12,968,162	20,939,501	21,711,429	43,614,998
28 Clothing, men's, factory.....	118	9,324	13,687,427	23,203,775	20,093,354	43,438,625
29 Coke and gas products.....	18	2,921	5,422,515	24,836,855	14,493,773	42,386,597
30 Acids, alkalis and salts.....	20	4,339	8,739,618	15,182,933	20,764,773	40,924,926
31 Printing and publishing.....	293	8,059	14,815,155	9,075,689	30,241,792	39,717,930
32 Leather tanneries.....	27	3,686	6,435,719	24,011,530	14,155,573	38,858,793
33 Foods, miscellaneous.....	114	3,476	4,437,174	24,852,768	12,713,796	37,797,703
34 Clothing, women's, factory.....	276	6,967	10,432,308	18,212,333	16,847,111	35,153,786
35 Printing and bookbinding.....	556	8,303	12,236,018	13,015,824	19,790,000	33,106,800
36 Miscellaneous paper products.....	95	3,997	6,121,077	16,858,313	14,692,442	31,700,900
37 Boxes and bags, paper.....	86	5,826	7,676,367	17,581,466	13,896,599	31,739,718
38 Bridge and structural steel work.....	12	4,130	9,162,799	9,776,611	20,392,024	30,521,033
39 Sawmills.....	987	6,834	7,054,856	16,997,121	13,085,059	30,312,517
40 Breweries.....	22	2,175	4,656,522	5,798,992	23,711,885	29,897,554
Totals, Leading Industries.....	7,002	426,304	763,388,223	1,861,985,612	1,494,609,615	3,435,829,000
Totals, All Industries.....	10,731	564,392	975,038,060	2,310,347,858	1,930,043,913	4,339,797,784
Percentage of leading industries to all industries.....	65.2	75.5	78.3	80.6	77.4	79.2

Section 4.—The Manufactures of the Prairie Provinces, 1944

The leading industries of the Prairie Provinces are those based on their agricultural resources—grain-growing, cattle-raising, and dairying areas. Next in importance, generally, are industries providing for the more necessary needs of the resident population, such as the baking of bread, printing and publishing, etc. The extensive railway services require large shops for the maintenance of rolling-stock, especially in the Winnipeg area. The widespread use of motor-vehicles and power machinery on farms has given rise to petroleum refineries in each province. The greatly increased production of crude petroleum in Alberta seems likely to lead to further development of the refining industry. Manitoba, as the early commercial centre of the prairies, has had a greater industrial development than either of the other provinces. Its natural resources of accessible water powers, forests and, more recently, minerals, have given rise to quite a diversification of industrial production.

Considering the Prairie Provinces as an economic unit, slaughtering and meat packing had the largest gross value of production in 1944, amounting to \$273,197,731, followed by flour and feed mills with \$69,775,479, butter and cheese \$56,483,771, petroleum products \$42,472,090, railway rolling-stock \$24,394,795. These five industries accounted for about 60 p.c. of the total production of the Prairie Provinces. Other leading industries, in the order named, were: miscellaneous food products, bread and other bakery products, breweries and sawmills.